



### Regional climate modelling for the Rhine basin

#### Bart van den Hurk (KNMI)

With contributions from Geert Lenderink, Erik van Meijgaard, Jules Beersma (KNMI) Hendrik Buiteveld (RIZA)





#### Contents

- Regional climate modelling at KNMI
- Verification and improvement of the RCM
- Precipitation statistics over the Rhine basin (present-day climate)
- Conclusions



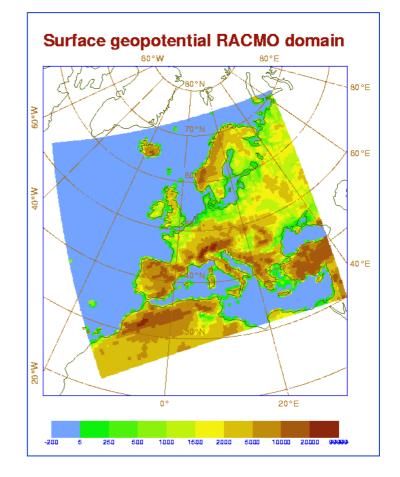
### Regional climate modelling at KNMI

- Regional climate scenarios
  - Statistical downscaling (Buishand, Beersma et al)
  - Weather generators
  - Since late 2001: RACMO = HIRLAM + ECMWF physical package
- RegioKlim project
  - Verification and improvement of RACMO
  - Production of scenarios
  - Participation in (inter)national projects (PRUDENCE, new FP6-projects, ICES/KIS)



### Verification and improvement of RACMO

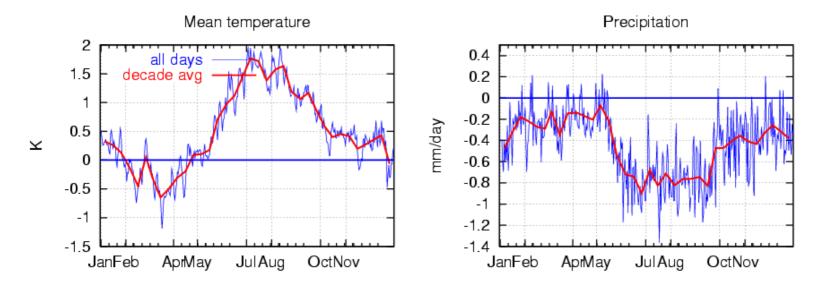
- Free interior, atmospheric forcing at lateral boundaries
- 15yr simulation with "observed" boundaries (ERA15, 1979-1993)
- Verification using synops data, ECA-data and meteorological analyses





# Basic problems of control version of RACMO (1)

Summertime dry warm bias



Bias compared to all ±220 ECA-stations





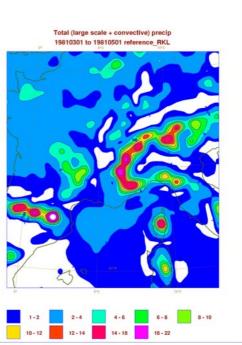


- Increase hydrological memory of the soil
  - Deeper soil reservoir
  - Smaller sensitivity of transpiration to soil water content



# Basic problems of control version of RACMO (2)

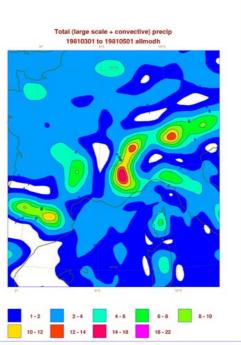
 Too much precipitation over mountains







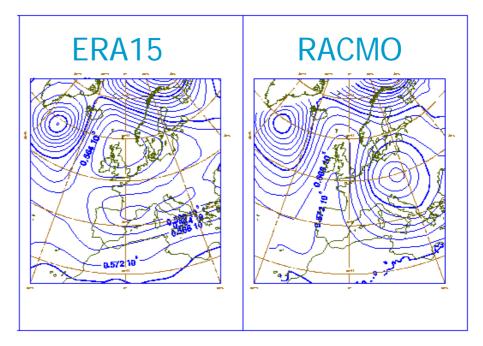
### • Filter orography and reduce horizontal diffusion





# Basic problems of control version of RACMO (3)

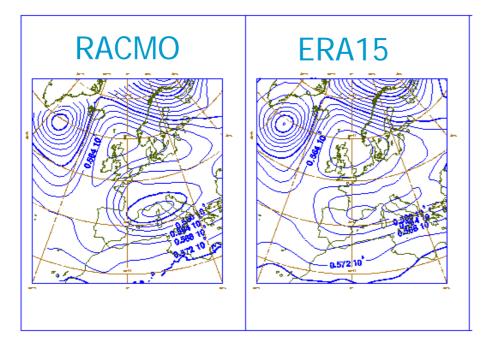
 Different synoptic patterns compared to driving meteorological fields







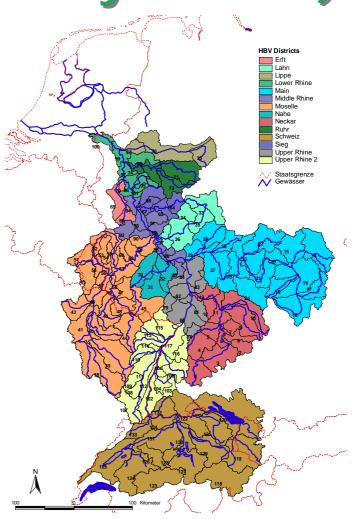
• Optimize procedure to import information in lateral boundary





### **Precipitation over the Rhine basin (present-day climate)**

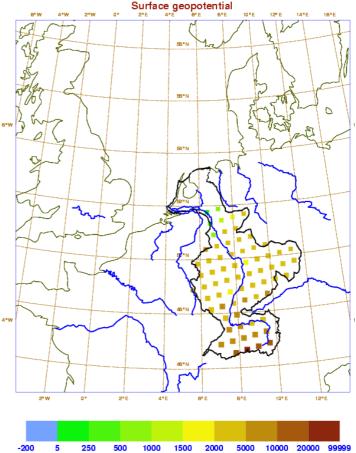
- Ingredients (1)
  - CHR daily precipitation data
    1961-1995 over 134
    sub-catchments
  - Aggregated to RACMO model grid (69 gridpoints)





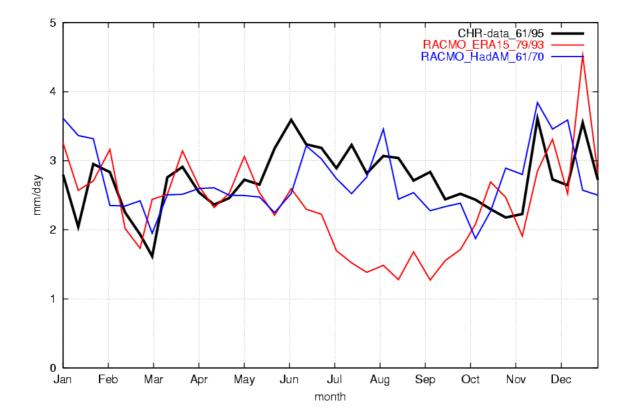
### **Precipitation over the Rhine basin (present-day climate)**

- Ingredients (2)
  - ERA15: RACMO reference simulation (1979-1993)
  - HadAM3: RACMO simulation with modifications control climate (1961-1990, only first 10yrs analysed) (included in PRUDENCE project)



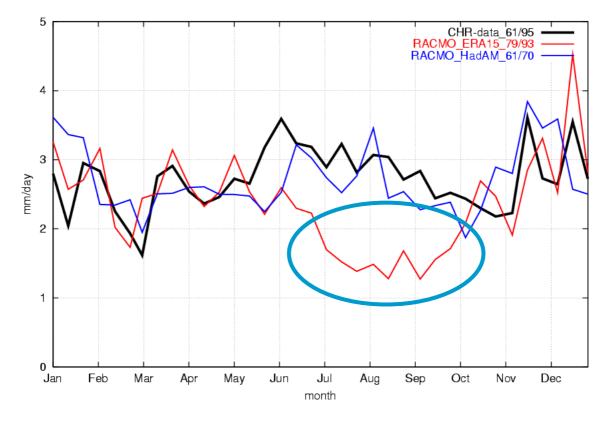


### Average annual cycle aggregated over domain





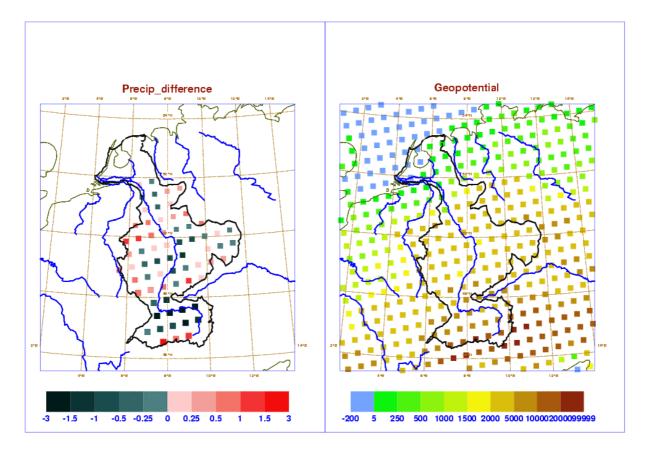
### Average annual cycle aggregated over domain



#### Effect of soil drying



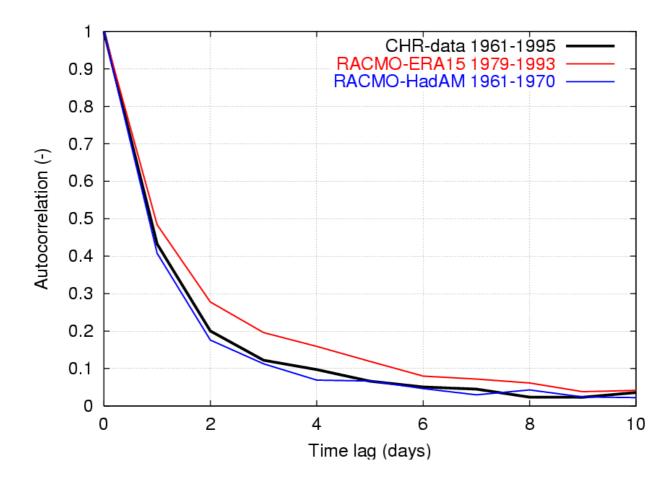
#### Pattern of average bias in HadAM run



Lower areas surrounded by mountains too dry, mountains too wet

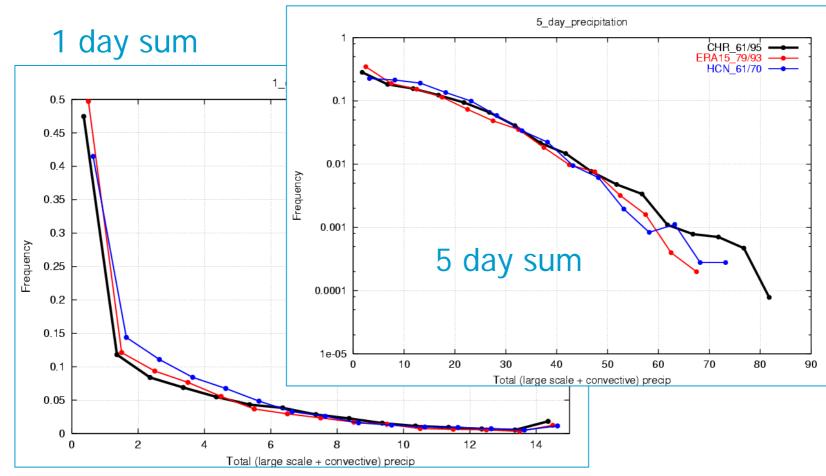


### Autocorrelation of timeseries



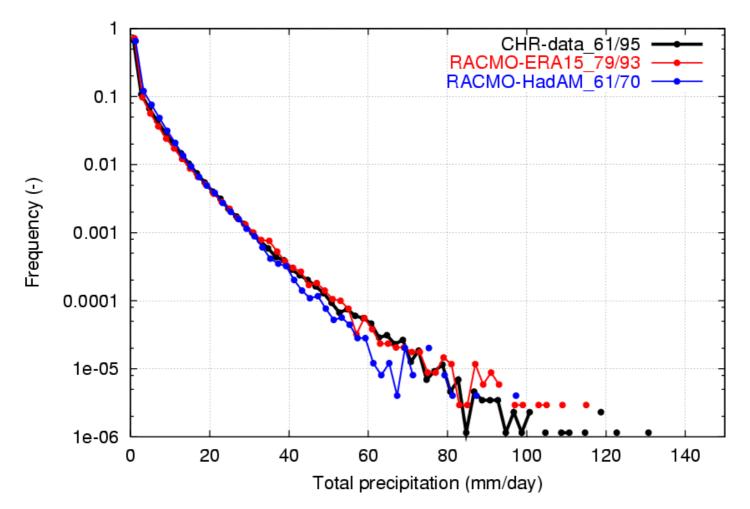


### Frequency distribution of areal averages





#### Individual events



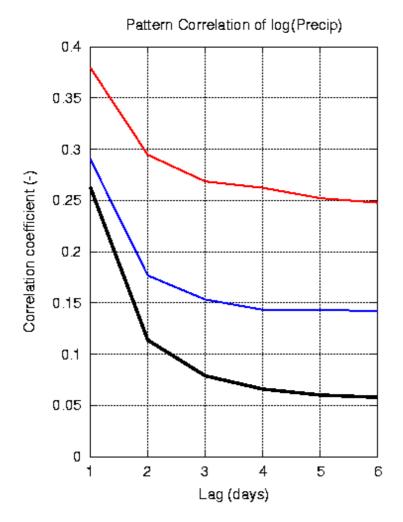


### **Pattern correlation**

- Correlate daily field on day t with day t+lag
- For each *lag*, average correlations for all events
- Expresses temporal consistency of spatial patterns



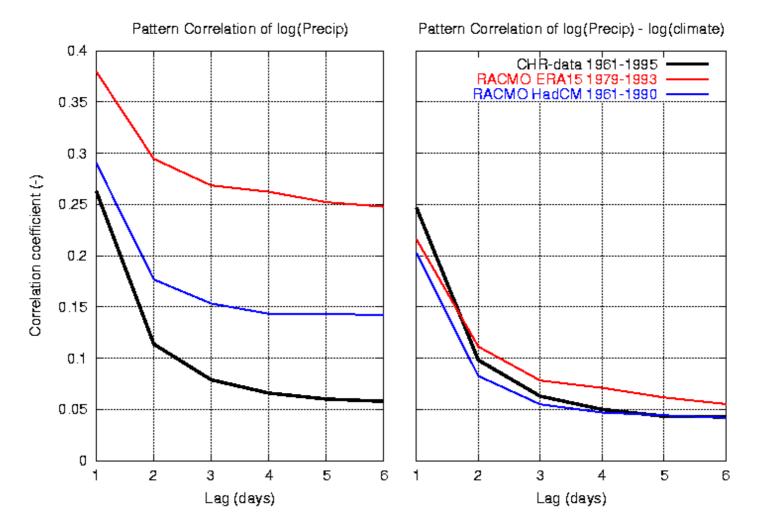
#### **Pattern correlation**



Strong persistence of precipitation patterns, partially by (too) strong orographic control in the models



#### **Pattern correlation**





### Conclusions

- Model modifications improved hydrological cycle and its seasonal time scale
- Average annual cycle of precipitation well simulated, but systematic spatial errors
- Small overestimation of light events on 1day timescale
- Small underestimation of extreme events on 5-day timescale